

Italian Unification knowledge MOT

Mark on how confident you are with each topic and what you need to do, use this as a checklist for your revision notes and then to keep track of the topics you have revised. Tick and date once you have completed the tasks.

Topic	How confident am I?			What do I need to do to improve my understanding?	I have made my revision notes on this topic	I have revised this topic	I am confident on this topic
							
Key Issue One: How far did the experiences of 1815 to 1847 create support for Italian unity?							
What was Italy like under Napoleon I							
The Vienna Settlement							
Italy during restoration (Italy in 1815-20)							
Causes, events and outcomes of the 1820-1 and 1831 revolutions							
Austrian reaction							
Where the revolutions about nationalism?							
Development of the Risorgimento, 1830 to 1847.							
The role of the intellectuals (Gioberti, Balbo etc)							
Secret societies							

Key Issue Two: Why did the revolutions of 1848-9 in Italy fail to unite Italy?							
Pope Pius IX (Liberal reforms and allocution)							
Where did the revolutions happen and why?							
What happened during the revolutions in each state?							
What was the outcome of the revolutions? (Were there any changes?)							
Roman and Venetian republic							
How far did the revolutions help or hinder the national cause?							
War with Austria 1848.							
Why did the revolutions fail?							
Key Issue three: How important to the unification of Italy were the contributions of the Italian states (especially Piedmont and its aims) and of individuals (Cavour, Mazzini, Garibaldi and Victor Emmanuel)?							
Political and economic developments in Piedmont-policy and significance.							
The Crimean war and its impact.							
What was Piedmont like in the 1850s?							

The role of Mazzini (Young Italy, Garibaldi, vision for Italy, Roman Republic)							
The role of Cavour (development of Piedmont, international relations, war with Austria, Garibaldi and Cavour)							
The role of Garibaldi (revolutions, republic, attitude to unification, Nice and Savoy, war with Austria, Sicilian expedition, Rome after 1861)							
The role of Victor Emmanuel (Attitude to revolution, Attitude to war, relations with Cavour, first king of Italy)							
The pen, sword and mind argument							
Key Issue Four: How important in the process of unification were foreign help and foreign circumstance?							
The Crimean war's importance for alliances							
The role of Louis Napoleon and France.							
Was Napoleon a help or hindrance to unification?							
Was it self-interest or genuine concern that motivated Napoleon?							

What was the role of Prussia?							
How did Britain help and encourage unification?							
What was the role of Austria as a force against unification?							
How did the decline of Austria help unification?							
How was Italy unified between 1861-70?							
Unification of Italy or Piedmontisation?							
What were the issues for unification between 1861-70?							
Was Italy a nation state by 1870							
Key Issue Four B: What was the newly united Italy like and what challenges did she face?							
What political problems were there for the new Italy							
How did the people benefit from the new Italy							
How successful was the search for an empire?							
How successfully did Italy deal with post-unification problems							